

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended June 30, 2009

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

CITY COUNCIL	Term Expires/Expired December 31,
<u>Mayor</u>	
Gerry Aboud 836 E. Kathy Street Stayton, OR 97383	2010
Virginia Honeywell 855 E. Kathy Street Stayton, OR 97383	2008
<u>Councilors</u>	
James Loftus 633 N. Third Avenue Stayton, OR 97383	2012
Catherine Hemshorn 642 N. Third Avenue Stayton, OR 97383	2010
Scott Vigil 160 N. Third Avenue Stayton, OR 97383	2012
Don Walters 450 W. Locust St. Stayton, OR 97383	2010
Steve Frank 1515 E. Jefferson Stayton, OR 97383	2010
Scott Vigil 160 N. Evergreen Stayton, OR 97383	2008
Jack Frisk 540 N. Third Avenue Stayton, OR 97383	2008
Tim Grimes 525 Mill Stream Woods Stayton, OR 97383	2008

CITY STAFF

Don Eubank, Administrator

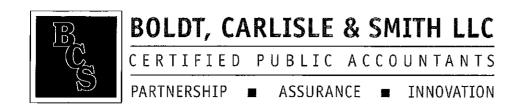
Christine Shaffer, Finance Director

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council CITY OF STAYTON Stayton, Oregon

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of CITY OF STAYTON as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the CITY OF STAYTON, as of June 30, 2009, the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, and the budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council CITY OF STAYTON Stayton, Oregon

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report February 3, 2010, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages a through g is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as listed in the Grant Compliance—Single Audit section of the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the CITY OF STAYTON. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Boldt, Carlisle & Smith, LLC Certified Public Accountants Salem, Oregon February 3, 2010

By:

Douglas C. Parham, Member

Rosa Faram

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



City of Stayton

As management of the City of Stayton (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial statements which follow the Management's Discussion and Analysis, provide these significant key financial highlights for 2009 as follows.

- The City's total net assets of \$37.4 million in governmental activities and \$13.2 million in business-type activities represent 74% and 26% respectively, of the total net assets of \$50.6 million.
- General revenues from governmental activities accounted for \$3.0 million in revenue, or 80% of all
 revenues from governmental activities. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and
 grants and contributions accounted for \$750 thousand or 20% of total governmental activities revenues.
 The City had \$3.7 million of program revenues and \$230 thousand in general revenues related to
 business-type activities.
- The major governmental fund, the General Fund, had \$2.76 million in revenues, which primarily consisted
 of property taxes, franchise fees, intergovernmental taxes, charges for services, and licenses and
 permits. The total expenditures of the General Fund were \$2.9 million and the fund balance decreased
 from \$1 million to \$929 thousand.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Net assets are categorized as capital assets less related debt, restricted by an outside third party, and unrestricted. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

In the government-wide financial statements the City's activities are presented in the following categories:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as general government, public safety, highways and streets, and culture and recreation. Property taxes, franchise fees, state shared revenues and charges for services finance most of these activities.
- **Business type activities** The services provided by the City included here are water, sewer and the swimming pool. The services are financed through user fees and charges.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decision. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are on pages 3 and 4, respectively.

The City maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Street Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other ten governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements and schedules in the supplemental section of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains six proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer and swimming pool services. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water, sewer, and sewer construction funds, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City. Individual fund data for each of the non-major enterprise funds are provided in the form of combining statements and schedules in the supplemental section of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements in this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents disclosures and independent auditor's comments required by the minimum standards for audits of Oregon municipal corporations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$50.6 million as of June 30, 2009.

A significant portion of the City's net assets (88% percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, improvements other than buildings, vehicles, and machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The City's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

The following table presents a condensed statement of the City's net assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 and 2008.

	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-type		
	Activ	ities	_ Activ	vities	To	tals
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
Assets						
Current assets	\$ 2,864,947	\$ 3,012,803	\$ 4,645,503	\$ 4,773,396	\$ 7,510,450	\$ 7,786,199
Capital assets, net	35,007,570	33,799,347	17,915,704	16,362,381	52,923,274	50,161,728
Total assets	37,872,517	36,812,150	22,561,207	21,135,777	60,433,724	57,947,927
Liabilities						
Current liabilities	359,517	500,838	938,820	367,774	1,298,337	868,612
Non-current liabilities	156,754	147,022	8,366,875	8,136,579	8,523,629	8,283,601
Total liabilities	516,271	647,860	9,305,695	8,504,353	9,821,966	9,152,213
Net assets						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	34,986,266	33,749,383	9,569,986	8,238,876	44,556,252	41,988,259
Restricted	602,337	585,851	1, 361,509	1,553,530	1,963,846	2,139,381
Unrestricted	1,767,643	1,829,056	2,324,017	2,839,018	4,091,660	4,668,074
Total net assets	\$ 37,356,246	\$ 36,164,290	\$ 13,255,512	\$ 12,631,424	\$ 50,611,758	\$ 48,795,714

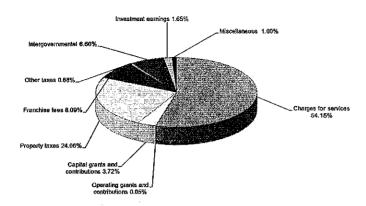
The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Assets.

- Substantially upgrades to the water meters and water lines completed.
- · Water Treatment Plant upgrade in progress.

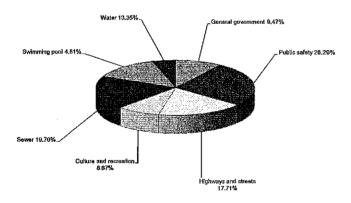
Changes in net assets. The City's total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, were \$7.1 million. The total cost of all programs and services was \$6.7 million. The following table presents a summary of the changes in net assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 and 2008.

	Governmental				Busine	pe						
		Activ	ities			Activ	ities			Tot	als	
		2009	_	2008		2009		2008		2009		2008
Revenues												
Program:												
Charges for services	\$	487,204	\$	451,695	\$	3,644,158	\$	3,460,227	\$	4,131,362	\$	3,911,922
Operating grants and contributions		4,003		1,600	•	-		-		4,003		1,600
Capital grants and contributions		259,070		59,595		24,792		72,637		283,862		132,232
General:												
Property taxes		1,739,788		1,685,080		96,026		106,751		1,835,814		1,798,813
Franchise taxes		617,481		627,931		-		-		617,481		627,931
Other taxes		51,592		49,816		-		-		51,592		49,816
Intergovernmental		503,709		520,658		-		-		503,709		520,658
Investment earnings		38,146		98,374		87,806		201,013		125,952		299,387
Miscellaneous		28,794		31,344		46,708		15,676		75,502		47,020
Total Revenues		3,729,787		3,526,093		3,899,490		3,856,304		7,629,277		7,389,379
Expenses												
General government		715,030		745,649		-		-		715,030		745,649
Public safety		1,983,893		1,943,299		-		-		1,983,893		1,943,299
Highways and streets		1,336,371		1,498,829		-		-		1,336,371		1,498,829
Culture and recreation		654,298		631,146		-		-		654,298		631,146
Sewer		-		-		1,486,330		1,915,313		1,486,330		1,915,313
Water		-		-		363,137		1,078,231		363,137		1,078,231
Swimming pool		-		-		1,007,369		341,099		1,007,369		341,099
Total Expenses		4,689,592		4,818,923		2,856,836		3,334,643		7,546,428		8,153,566
Excess before transfers		(959,805)		(1,292,830)		1,042,654		521,661		82,849		(764,187)
Transfers in (out)		353,083		484,822		(353,083)		(484,822)				
Change in net assets		(606,722)		(808,008)		689,571		36,839		82,849		(764,187)
Net Assets - Beginning		36,164,290		37,020,617		12,631,424		12,376,812		48,795,714		49,397,429
Prior period adjustment		1,798,678		(55,301)		(65,483)		217,773		1,733,195		162,472
Net Assets - Ending	\$	37,356,246	\$	36,157,308	\$	13,255,512	\$	12,631,424	\$	50,611,758	\$	48,795,714

Revenue Sources Fiscal Year 2008-09



Functional Expenses - Fiscal Year 2008-09



As evident in the previous graph the largest financing source for the City is charges for services at 54.15% due primarily to the user fees and charges for services in the business-type activities. Property taxes also comprise a significant portion of the City's revenues at 24.06% of the total revenues with franchise fees accounting for an additional 8.09% of the City's total revenues.

The City as a whole uses the largest amount of resources for public safety at 26.29% of the total functional expenses of the City. Highways and streets and sewer operations are the next largest users of resources at 17.71% and 19.70%, respectively, with water services also accounting for 13.35% of the City's total expenses. General government expenses account for 9.47%.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the City as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the City completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2.38 million. Total fund balance constitutes unreserved and undesignated fund balance, which is available for spending at the City's discretion.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$928,536. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 32 percent of total general fund expenditures.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net assets for the Enterprise Funds at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$13.26 million. Net assets after invested in capital assets, net of related debt are 10.27% restricted and 17.53% unrestricted.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

A schedule showing the budget amounts compared to the City's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information. During the fiscal year, the City modified the adopted budget with appropriation transfers as needed to meet program requirements.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2009, the City had invested \$44.56 million in capital assets net of related debt, including buildings, facilities, vehicles, computers, equipment, and infrastructure assets. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$1.2 million.

The following table presents capital asset balances net of accumulated depreciation for the fiscal years, ended June 30, 2009 and 2008.

		Govern	mer	ntal		Busine	ss-t	ype				
		Activ	ities	i	Activities			s	То			
	_	2009		2008	_	2009	_	2008		2009		2008
Land	\$	1,537,242	\$	1,537,242	\$	225,743	\$	225,332	\$	1,762,985	\$	1,762,574
Construction in progress		-		-		1,017,229		174,544		1,017,229		174,544
Building and building Improvements		2,685,650		2,636,436		418,691		331,654		3,104,341		2,968,090
Infrastructure		29,035,170		29,665,550		15,684,882		15,124,636		44,720,052		44,790,186
Other improvements		1,188,010		1,199,633		101,238		110,094		1,289,248		1,309,727
Equipment and vehicles		561,498		559,164		467,921		330,638		1,029,419		889,802
Total	\$	35,007,570	\$	35,598,025	\$	17,915,704	\$	16,296,898	\$	52,923,274	\$	51,894,923
Total	\$	35,007,570	\$	35,598,025	\$	17,915,704	\$	16,296,898	\$	52,923,274	\$	51,894,923

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of the financial statements.

Debt Administration. At year-end, the City had \$8.5 million in long-term debt outstanding with \$582 thousand due within one year. The following table presents a summary of the City's outstanding long-term debt for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008.

	Govern	ment	al		Busine	ess-ty	pe					
	Activities				Activities				Totals			
2009 2		2009 2008			2009		9 2008		2009	2008		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	509,957	\$	697,514	\$	509,957	\$	697,514	
	-		-		2,560,509		2,603,155		2,560,509		2,603,155	
	-		-		5,275,252		4,822,836		5,275,252		4,822,836	
	21,304		49,964		-		-		21,304		49,964	
	135,450		97,058		21,157		13,074		156,607		110,132	
\$	156,754	\$	147,022	\$	8,366,875	\$	8,136,579	\$	8,523,629	\$	8,283,601	
	\$	Activ 2009 \$ - 21,304 135,450	Activities 2009 \$ - \$ - 21,304 135,450	2009 2008 \$ - \$ - 21,304 49,964 135,450 97,058	Activities 2009 2008 \$ - \$ - \$	Activities Activities 2009 2008 2009 \$ - \$ 509,957 - - 2,560,509 - - 5,275,252 21,304 49,964 - 135,450 97,058 21,157	Activities Activities 2009 2008 2009 \$ - \$ 509,957 \$ - - 2,560,509 - - 5,275,252 21,304 49,964 - 135,450 97,058 21,157	Activities Activities 2009 2008 2009 2008 \$ - \$ - \$ 509,957 \$ 697,514 2,560,509 2,603,155 5,275,252 4,822,836 21,304 49,964	Activities Activities 2009 2008 2009 2008 \$ - \$ 509,957 \$ 697,514 \$ - - 2,560,509 2,603,155 - - 5,275,252 4,822,836 21,304 49,964 - - 135,450 97,058 21,157 13,074	Activities Activities To 2009 2008 2009 2008 2009 \$ - \$ - \$ 509,957 \$ 697,514 \$ 509,957 2,560,509 2,603,155 2,560,509 5,275,252 4,822,836 5,275,252 21,304 49,964 21,304 135,450 97,058 21,157 13,074 156,607	Activities Totals 2009 2008 2009 2008 2009 \$ - \$ 509,957 \$ 697,514 \$ 509,957	

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 of the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Many factors were considered by the City's officials during the process of developing the fiscal year 2009-2010 budget. The City continued to put together a "status quo" budget, due to a slight downturn in statewide and national economies, no increase in the current tax rate and a limited growth rate among revenues, while inflationary rates of expenditures increased.

These indicators were considered when adopting the budget for fiscal year 2009-2010. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$4,043,403, a slight decrease. No new programs were added to the 2009-2010 budget.

The City continues to work toward implementation of the adopted Water and Sewer Master Plans. The major design work is completed on Sewer System improvements. Water System Improvement construction should be completed in the summer. We are in the fourth year of a series of rate increases for both water and sewer, intended to provide for debt service on a new set of low interest loans through the State of Oregon and USDA Rural Development to pay for these capital projects. These loans, approximately \$5.5 million for water projects and approximately \$5.8 million for sewer projects, we are continuing work to obtain Federal stimulus money to assist with these projects.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Finance Director, City of Stayton, 362 North Third Avenue, Stayton, OR 97383-1726.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2009

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 2,131,160	\$ 4,206,953	\$ 6,338,113
Receivables	490,912	681,425	1,172,337
Internal balances	242,875	(242,875)	· · ·
Capital assets:		·	
Land	1,537,242	225,743	1,762,985
Construction in progress	-	1,017,229	1,017,229
Other capital assets, net	33,470,328	16,672,732	50,143,060
TOTAL ASSETS	37,872,517	22,561,207	60,433,724
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	78,445	493,288	571,733
Payroll and other liabilities	78,502	-	78,502
Customer deposits	2,570	46,594	49,164
Accrued interest payable	-	79,285	79,285
Deferred revenues	200,000	319,653	519,653
Long-term obligations:			
Due within one year	147,262	434,406	581,668
Due in more than one year	9,492	7,932,469	7,941,961
TOTAL LIABILITIES	516,271	9,305,695	9,821,966
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	34,986,266	9,569,986	44,556,252
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	602,337	932,017	1,534,354
Debt service	-	336,767	336,767
Other projects	-	92,725	92,725
Unrestricted	1,767,643	2,324,017	4,091,660
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 37,356,246	\$ 13,255,512	\$ 50,611,758

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Net (Expense)

Revenue Program Revenues and Changes in Business-Charges for Operating Grants Capital Grants Governmental type and Contributions and Contributions Activities Activities Functions/Programs Totals Expenses Services Governmental activities General government \$ 715,030 95,813 (619,217)(619,217)1,127 (1,682,989)(1,682,989)Public safety 1,983,893 299,777 (1,244,375)Highways and streets 1,336,371 91,996 (1,244,375)167,074 (392,734)(392,734)Culture and recreation 654,298 91,614 2,876 TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL 4,003 **ACTIVITIES** 4,689,592 487,204 259,070 (3,939,315)(3,939,315)Business-type activities 1,486,330 2,155,512 14,112 \$ 683,294 683,294 Sewer 341,259 1,007,369 1,337,948 10,680 341,259 Water 363,137 150,698 (212,439)(212,439)Swimming pool TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE **ACTIVITIES** 3,644,158 24,792 812,114 812,114 2,856,836 TOTALS \$ 4,131,362 4,003 283,862 (3,939,315) 812,114 (3,127,201) \$ 7,546,428 \$ \$ General revenues: Taxes: 1,739,788 96,026 1,835,814 Property taxes, levied for general purposes Franchise taxes 617,481 617,481 51,592 51,592 Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 503,709 503,709 125,952 Unrestricted investment earnings 38,146 87,806 Miscellaneous 28,794 46,708 75,502 Transfers 353,083 (353,083)TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS 3,210,050 3,332,593 (122,543)689,571 82,849 (606,722)Change in net assets NET ASSETS - beginning 36,164,290 12,631,424 48,795,714 Prior period adjustment 1,798,678 (65,483) 1,733,195 NET ASSETS - ending \$ 37,356,246 13,255,512 \$ 50,611,758

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2009

		General	Go	Other overnmental Funds	 Totals
ASSETS Cash and investments Due from other funds Advances to other funds Receivables	\$	783,531 154,609	\$	90,000	\$ 2,131,160 154,609 90,000
	_	231,726		259,186	 490,912
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,169,866	<u>\$</u>	1,696,815	\$ 2,866,681
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	43,901	\$	34,544	\$ 78,445
Payroll and other liabilities		78,502		-	78,502
Due to general fund Consumer deposits		2.570		1,734	1,734
Deferred revenue		2,570 116,357		209,456	2,570 325,813
TOTAL LIABILITIES		241,330		245,734	487,064
FUND BALANCES Unreserved reported in:					
General fund		nno 526			020 527
Special revenue funds		928,536		- 1,278,829	928,53 <i>6</i> 1,278,829
Capital projects funds				172,252	172,252
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		928,536		1,451,081	2,379,617
TOTAL LIABILTIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,169,866		1,696,815	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net as.	sets c	are different l	ecai	ıse:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financia are not reported in the funds.	l reso	ources and, th	erefo	ore,	35,007,570
Other long-term assets are not available for current-period expenditur deferred in the funds.	es an	d, therefore,	are n	ot	
Deferred revenue					125,813
Some liabilities, including accumulated unpaid vacation, are not due a current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	ınd p	ayable in the			 (156,754)
NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					\$ 37,356,246

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Other	

	General		Funds	Totals
REVENUES	 			·
Property taxes	\$ 1,586,304	\$	131,460	\$ 1,717,764
Other taxes	_		51,592	51,592
Charges for services	222,094		66,247	288,341
Franchise fees	617,481		-	617,481
Grants and contributions	2,601		72,235	74,836
Licenses, permits and fees	32,629		10,414	43,043
Fines and forfeitures	56,777		14,953	71,730
Assessments	_		560	560
Intergovernmental	174,776		368,756	543,532
Rent	32,258		32,376	64,634
Interest	10,968		27,178	38,146
Miscellaneous	 26,887		1,907	28,794
TOTAL REVENUES	 2,762,775		777,678	3,540,453
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	664,127		27,485	691,612
Public safety	1,906,623		51,592	1,958,215
Highways and streets	83,791		562,815	646,606
Culture and recreation	179,475		332,787	512,262
Capital outlay	 67,579		241,989	 309,568
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,901,595		1,216,668	 4,118,263
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (138,820)		(438,990)	 (577,810)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	299,791		635,671	935,462
Transfers out	 (256,800)		(148,867)	 (405,667)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 42,991		486,804	 529,795
Net change in fund balances	(95,829)		47,814	(48,015)
Fund balances at beginning of year	 1,024,365		1,403,267	2,427,632
Fund balances at end of year	 928,536	\$	1,451,081	\$ 2,379,617

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS			\$ (48,015)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. The difference between these two amounts is:			
Capital outlay	\$	89,591	
(Loss) on disposal of asset	Ţ	(1,250)	
Depreciation		(826,650)	(738,309)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide Current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds as follows:			
Taxes		41,480	
Charges for services		19,456	
Capital contributions of infrastructure-library		147,854	189,334
Repayment of long-term obligations principal is an expenditure in the governmental			
funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the government-wide			
statements.			28,660
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Compensated absences			(38,392)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			\$ (606,722)

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year ended June 30, 2009

	Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	1,607,070	\$	1,586,304	\$	(20,766)
Charge of services		262,900		222,094		(40,806)
Franchise fees		602,000		617,481		15,481
Grants and contributions		2,480		2,601		12 1
Licenses, permits and fees		31,600		32,629		1,029
Fines and forfeitures		46,600		56,777		10,177
Intergovernmental		156,200		174,776		18,576
Rent		28,200		32,258		4,058
Interest		40,000		10,968		(29,032)
Miscellaneous		22,000		26,887		4,887
TOTAL REVENUES		2,799,050		2,762,775		(36,275)
EXPENDITURES						
Personal services		2,403,675		2,057,290		346,385
Materials and services		932,862		744,758		188,104
Capital outlay		136,030		67,579		68,451
Debt service		_		31,968		(31,968)
Contingency		169,474		<u> </u>		169,474
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,642,041		2,901,595		740,446
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(842,991)	<u></u>	(138,820)		704,171
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		299,791		299,791		-
Transfers out		(256,800)		(256,800)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		42,991	···	42,991		
Net change in fund balance		(800,000)		(95,829)		704,171
Fund balance at beginning of year		950,000		1,024,365		74,365
Fund balance at end of year	\$	150,000	\$	928,536	\$	778,536

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2009

	Enterprise Funds					
	Sewer	Water	Other	Totals		
ASSETS						
Current assets						
Cash and investments	\$ 2,940,814	\$ 214,563	\$ 1,051,576	\$ 4,206,953		
Receivables	153,875	116,164	411,386	681,425		
Total current assets	3,094,689	330,727	1,462,962	4,888,378		
Capital assets						
Land	215,332	10,411	_	225,743		
Construction in progress	215,591	801,638	_	1,017,229		
Other capital assets, net	7,983,085	8,389,376	300,271	16,672,732		
Total capital assets	8,414,008	9,201,425	300,271	17,915,704		
TOTAL ASSETS	11,508,697	9,532,152	1,763,233	22,804,082		
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	172,132	125,331	195,825	493,288		
Due to other funds	-	,	152,875	152,875		
Advances from other funds	_	_	90,000	90,000		
Customer deposits	23,297	23,297	-	46,594		
Accrued interest payable	67,856	11,429	_	79,285		
Deferred revenue	-	, -	319,653	319,653		
Compensated absences payable	5,845	10,909	4,403	21,157		
Current portion long-term obligations	219,002	194,247	<u>-</u>	413,249		
Total current liabilities	488,132	365,213	762,756	1,616,101		
Long-term obligations	6,564,314	1,368,155		7,932,469		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	7,052,446	1,733,368	762,756	9,548,570		
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,630,692	7,639,023	300,271	9,569,986		
Restricted for:			664.001	661.001		
Capital projects Debt service	336,767	-	664,291	664,291		
Other purposes	330,707	-	- 00 70 6	336,767		
Unrestricted	2,488,792	159,761	92,725 (56,810)	92,725 2,591,743		
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 4,456,251	\$ 7,798,784	\$ 1,000,477	\$ 13,255,512		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Enterprise Funds							
	Sewer Water			Other		Totals		
OPERATING REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	2,155,512	\$	1,337,948	\$	137,069	\$	3,630,529
Sales of merchandise		-				13,629		13,629
Total operating revenues		2,155,512		1,337,948		150,698		3,644,158
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Personal services		405,368		424,423		223,725		1,053,516
Material and services		638,019		374,129		127,784		1,139,932
Depreciation		162,769		184,703	_	11,628		359,100
Total operating expenses		1,206,156		983,255		363,137		2,552,548
Operating income (loss)		949,356		354,693		(212,439)		1,091,610
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Capital grants and system development charges		-		_		24,792		24,792
Taxes		-		-		96,026		96,026
Fees and permits		-		17,797		-		17,797
Interest		55,053		9,711		23,042		87,806
Miscellaneous		7,750		3,915		17,246		28,911
Interest expense		(280,174)		(24,114)				(304,288)
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)		(217,371)		7,309		161,106		(48,956)
Income (loss) before transfers		731,985		362,002		(51,333)		1,042,654
TRANSFERS								
Transfers in		466,020		808,897		680,985		1,955,902
Transfers out		(360,803)		(847,192)		(1,100,990)		(2,308,985)
Total transfers		105,217		(38,295)		(420,005)		(353,083)
Change in net assets		837,202		323,707		(471,338)		689,571
Net assets at beginning of year		3,684,532		7,475,077		1,471,815		12,631,424
Prior period adjustment		(65,483)			_			(65,483)
Net assets at end of year	\$	4,456,251	\$	7,798,784	\$	1,000,477	\$	13,255,512

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Enterprise Funds						
		Sewer		Water		Other	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	-						
Receipts from customers and users	\$	2,175,794	\$	1,314,384	\$	161,888	\$ 3,652,066
Payments to suppliers		(579,978)		(264,016)		(142,805)	(986,799)
Payments to employees		(403,633)	_	(422,478)	_	(219,322)	(1,045,433)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		1,192,183	_	627,890	_	(200,239)	1,619,834
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		1.45 280		100 140		101 200	256 020
Transfers in Transfers out		147,380 (360,803)		108,140 (267,507)		101,300 (258,305)	356,820 (886,615)
Haisters out		(300,803)		(207,307)	_	(236,303)	(880,013)
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities		(213,423)	_	(159,367)		(157,005)	(529,795)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Receipts from property taxes		-		-		95,183	95,183
Proceeds from long-term obligations		-		-		500,922	500,922
Receipts from SDC assessments		7.750		12010		24,792	24,792
Fees, permits and other Interfund loans		7,750		13,212		234,549	20,962 234,549
Acquisition of capital assets or construction in progress		(369,462)		(473,203)		(804,583)	(1,647,248)
Principal paid on long-term obligations		(169,915)		(187,557)		(001,505)	(357,472)
Interest paid on long-term obligations		(320,938)	_	(28,724)	_	<u> </u>	(349,662)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	_	(852,565)	_	(676,272)	_	50,863	(1,477,974)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Interest		55,053	_	9,711	_	23,042	87,806
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		181,248		(198,038)		(283,339)	(300,129)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		2,759,566		412,601		1,334,915	4,507,082
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	2,940,814	\$	214,563	•	1,051,576	\$ 4,206,953
Cash and Cash Couraions - Cha of year	ų.	2,740,014	<u> </u>	214,505	4	1,051,570	ψ 4,200,733
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities							
Operating income (loss)	\$	949,356	\$	354,693	\$	(211,596)	\$ 1,092,453
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities							
Depreciation		162,769		184,703		11,628	359,100
Miscellaneous		-		-		16,403	16,403
(Increase) decrease in assets						,	
Receivables		21,188		(22,658)		(6,056)	(7,526)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities							
Accounts payable		58,041		110,113		(15,021)	153,133
Customer deposits		(906)		(906)		4.402	(1,812)
Compensated absences payable	_	1,735	_	1,945	_	4,403	8,083
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	1,192,183	\$	627,890	<u>\$</u>	(200,239)	\$ 1,619,834
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH TRANSACTIONS							
Transfers in	\$	318,640	\$	700,757	\$	579,685	\$ 1,599,082
Transfers out				(579,685)		(842,685)	(1,422,370)
Total noncash transactions	\$	318,640	\$	121,072	\$	(263,000)	\$ 176,712
	-		-		-		

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2009

	Agency
ASSETS	
Cash	
	\$ 186,920
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	4,908
Amounts held in trust	182,012
TOTAL LIABILITIES	186,920
NET ASSETS	\$

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

A. Organization (reporting entity)

The City provides basic services to the citizens within the city limits.

Control of the City is vested in its mayor and council members who are elected to office by voters within the City. Administrative functions are delegated to the City administrator who reports to and is responsible to the mayor and council. The chief administrative officer is the City Administrator.

The accompanying financial statements present all activities, funds, and component units for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The criteria used in making this determination includes appointment of a voting majority, imposition of will, financial benefit or burden on the primary government, and fiscal dependency on the primary government. Based upon the evaluation of this criteria, the City is a primary government with no includable component units.

B. Government-wide financial statements and financial statement presentation

The financial statements of the CITY OF STAYTON have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting entity for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting standards.

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund based financial statements. Both levels of statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental activities, which are normally financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the City's programs. Direct expenses are those that are clearly allocable with a specific function or segment. The City does not allocate indirect expenses. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis of accounting, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The government-wide statements and proprietary funds have applied all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year end. Property taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have been incurred. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds and proceeds from long-term obligations are reported as other financing sources.

The bases of accounting described above are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are consolidated into a single column within each fund type in the financial section of the basic financial statements and are detailed in the supplemental information.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General – accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, franchise fees, and state shared revenues. Expenditures are primarily for general government operations and planning and community development.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Sewer – accounts for the operation of the City's sewer system.

Water – accounts for the operation of the City's water system.

The City also includes the following fund types as other governmental funds and other enterprise funds:

Special Revenue – account for revenue derived from specific taxes or other revenue sources, which are legally restricted to finance particular functions or activities. When a special revenue fund is not an operating fund, transfers are made from the special revenue fund to the operating funds authorized to make expenditures.

Capital Projects – accounts for expenditures on major construction projects or equipment acquisition. Financial resources may be accumulated over time or may be provided by the issuance of long-term debt obligations.

Enterprise – accounts for the operations of predominantly self-supporting activities. Enterprise funds account for services rendered to the public on a user charge basis.

Agency – accounts for funds received on behalf of other entities.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

D. Budget policies and budgetary control

Generally, Oregon Local Budget Law requires annual budgets be adopted for all funds except agency funds. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for all budgets. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The City begins its budgeting process by appointing Budget Committee members in the fall of each year. Budget recommendations are developed by management through early spring, with the Budget Committee meeting and approving the budget document in late spring. Public notices of the budget hearing are generally published in May or June and the hearing is held in June. The City adopts the budget, makes appropriations, and declares the tax levy no later than June 30.

Expenditure appropriations may not be legally over-expended, except in the case of grant receipts and bond sale proceeds which could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted.

The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. The City establishes levels of budgetary control at personal services, materials and services, capital outlay, operating contingencies, and debt service for all funds, except the General Fund, where budgetary control is established at the department level.

Budget amounts shown in the basic financial statements have been revised since the original budget amounts were adopted. The City must authorize all appropriation transfers and supplementary budgetary appropriations.

E. User charges and fines receivable

User charges are reported at the amount management expects to collect on balances outstanding at year end. Management closely monitors outstanding balances and writes off, as of year end, all balances that are not expected to be collected.

F. Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded in the Statement of Net Assets at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated items are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The City records capital assets for items with original cost, or estimated fair value if donated, of amounts as shown below or more and an expected economic useful life of 1 year or more.

Upon disposal of capital assets, the accounts are relieved of the related costs and accumulated depreciation, and resulting gains or losses are reflected in the change in net assets. Depreciation taken on contributed fixed assets is recorded as an expense of operations and charged to retained earnings.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

F. Capital assets (continued)

Capital assets purchased or acquired are carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed fixed assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time received. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives and the threshold for capitalizing the purchase or donation of capital assets are as follows:

Assets	Years_
Infrastructure	50
Buildings and improvements	50
Water and sewer systems	40
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	7 - 15
Land improvements	15

G. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over that life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs and the excess of bond amounts issued to refund previously issued debt over the refunded debt are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

H. Compensated absences - sick leave and vacation

The City has a policy which permits employees to accumulate unused sick leave at the rate of one day per month over their working careers. Full-time employees earn vacation at rates determined by length of employment.

I. Use of estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported receipts/revenues and disbursements/expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used.

2. Deposits and investments

The City maintains a pool of cash and investments that are available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as cash and investments. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to participating funds based upon their combined cash and investment balances.

Investments, including amounts held in pooled cash and investments are stated at fair value. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, investments with a remaining maturity of more than one year, at the time of purchase are stated at fair value. Fair value is determined at the quoted market price, if available; otherwise the fair value is estimated based on the amount at which the investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than a forced liquidation sale. Investments in the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are stated at fair value.

The Oregon State Treasury administers the LGIP. The LGIP is an unrated open-ended, no-load, diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision or public corporation of the state who by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any fund. The LGIP is commingled with the State's short-term funds. To provide regulatory oversight, the Oregon Legislature established the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and LGIP investments are approved by the Oregon Investment Council. The fair value of the City's position in the LGIP is the same as the value of the pool shares.

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, checking, savings and money market accounts, and any highly-liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less.

2. Deposits and investments (continued)

Credit risk: Oregon statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, and the state treasurer's investment pool.

As of June 30, 2009, the City had the following investments:

	<u>Maturities</u>	Fair Value
State Treasurer's Investment Pool	N/A	\$ 6,422,381

Interest Rate Risk: The City does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair-value losses arising from increases in interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The City does not have a formal policy that places a limit on the amount that may be invested in any one insurer. 100 percent of the City's investments are in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a policy which limits the amount of investments that can be held by counterparties.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: This is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) provides insurance for the City's deposits with financial institutions up to \$250,000 each for the aggregate of all non-interest bearing accounts and the aggregate of all interest bearing accounts at each institution. Deposits in excess of FDIC coverage with institutions participating in the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program are considered fully collateralized. As of June 30, 2009, none of the City's bank balances were exposed to credit risk.

A. The City's deposits and investments at June 30, 2009, are as follows:

Total investments	\$ 6,422,381
Cash on hand	625
Cash with fiscal agent	13,701
Deposits with financial institutions	88,326
Total deposits and investments	\$ 6,525,033

2. Deposits and investments (continued)

B. Cash and investments by fund:

Governmental activities/funds General Other governmental funds	\$	783,531 1,347,629
Total governmental activities/funds		2,131,160
Business-type activities/Enterprise funds Sewer Water Other enterprise fund		2,940,814 214,563 1,051,576
Total business-type activities/Enterprise funds		4,206,953
Fiduciary Funds Agency		186,920
Total cash and investments	<u>\$</u>	6,525,033

3. Receivables

A. The City's receivables at June 30, 2009, are shown below:

				Business-type Activities/					
	Governm	ental Activi	ties/Funds	Enterprise Funds					
-	_General_	Other	Totals	Sewer	Water	Other	Totals		
Property taxes	\$ 111,962	\$ 9,456	\$ 121,418	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,914	\$ 6,914		
Other	_	8,413	8,413	-	-	-	-		
Franchise fees	73,201	-	73,201	-	-	-	-		
Housing rehabilitation loans	-	200,000	200,000	-	-	-	_		
Intergovernmental	46,563	41,317	87,880	-	-	404,472	404,472		
User charges				153,875	116,164		270,039		
	\$ 231,726	\$ 259,186	\$ 490,912	\$ 153,875	\$ 116,164	<u>\$411,386</u>	\$ 681,425		

B. Property taxes

i. Collection procedures

Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in three installments due November 15, February 15 and May 15. Marion County bills and collects property taxes for the City.

3. Receivables (continued)

B. Property taxes (continued)

ii. Transactions

Transaction	Balances July 1, 2008	2008-09 <u>Levy</u>	Adjust- ments	Net Interest (Discounts)	Collections	Balances June 30, 2009
Current Prior	\$ _107,311	\$1,876,995 	\$ (7,228) (2069)	\$ (45,737) 6,727	\$1,744,003 63,664	\$ 80,027 <u>48,305</u>
	<u>\$ 92,621</u>	<u>\$1876,995</u>	<u>\$ (9,297)</u>	\$ (39,010)	1,807,667	<u>\$128,332</u>
July and A	august 2008 t august 2009 t in lieu of tax		(16,907) 14,363 8,667			
Total proper	rty tax revent	ie .			<u>\$1,813,790</u>	
Analysis of General Other Gov Other Ente		<u>und</u>			\$1,586,304 131,460 96,026	
					<u>\$1,813,790</u>	

iii. Ensuing year's levy

The permanent tax rate will be \$3.3280 per \$1,000 of assessed value.

The tax rate limit of \$10.00 per thousand of assessed value imposed by the Oregon Constitution is not expected to affect this levy.

In addition, The City will levy \$300,000 in local option operating tax during 2009-10.

C. Housing rehabilitation loans

The City has loaned money to qualifying property owners through a federally funded low-income housing rehabilitation program. The loans are non-interest bearing and become a lien against the property, payable upon sale of the property or death of the owner.

4. Capital assets

A. Capital asset activity in governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

	Balances July 1, 2008 (Restated)	Additions	Deletions	Balances June 30, 2009
Capital assets, net being depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,537,242	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ 1,537,242
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Building and building improvements	3,549,991	133,131	-	3,683,122
Infrastructure	48,487,501	11,600	-	48,499,101
Other improvements	1,708,567	-	_	1,708,567
Equipment and vehicles	1,000,613	92,714	16,763	1,076,564
Total capital assets, being depreciated	54,746,672	237,445	16,763	54,967,354
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	913,555	83,917	_	997,472
Infrastructure	18,821,951	641,980	_	19,463,931
Other improvements	508,934	11,623	-	520,557
Equipment and vehicles	441,449	89,130	15,513	515,066
Total accumulated depreciation	20,685,889	826,650	15,513	21,497,026
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	34,060,783	(589,205)	1,250	33,470,328
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 35,773,928	\$ (589,205)	\$ 1,250	\$ 35,007,570

Depreciation expense was charged to Governmental Activities of the City as follows

Function/Program	
General government	\$ 13,079
Public safety	22,804
Highways and streets	695,061
Culture and recreation	 95,706
	\$ 826,650

4. Capital assets (continued)

B. Capital asset activity in business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

	Balances			
	July 1, 2008	A 1 T'.'	D 1 ''	Balances
	(Restated)	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2009
Capital assets, net being depreciated				
Land	\$ 225,332		\$ -	\$ 225,743
Construction in process	174,544	842,685		1,017,229
Total capital assets not being depreciated	399,876	843,096		1,242,972
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Building and building improvements	808,454	103,159	_	911,613
Infrastructure	20,522,535	841,772	-	21,364,307
Other improvements	1,484,078	-	-	1,484,078
Equipment and vehicles	755,624	189,879		945,503
Total capital assets, being depreciated	23,570,691	1,134,810	₩	24,705,501
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	476,800	16,122		492,922
Infrastructure	5,397,899	281,526	-	5,679,425
Other improvements	1,373,984	8,856	-	1,382,840
Equipment and vehicles	424,986	52,596		477,582
Total accumulated depreciation	7,673,669	359,100		8,032,769
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	15,897,022	775,710		16,672,732
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 16,296,898	\$ 1,618,806	\$ -	\$ 17,915,704
Depreciation expense was charged to business type	pe activities of th	e City as follows		
Function/Program				
Sewer		\$ 162,769		
Water		184,703		
Swimming pool		11,628		
Total business type activities		\$ 359,100		

5. Construction commitments

The City has active construction projects as of June 30, 2009. The projects include construction improvements to the water treatment plant funded under a loan from the Safe Drinking Water Revolving Fund and for improvements to the wastewater treatment plant funded under a loan from the Water and Waste Loan and Grant Program.

		E	xpended	Remaining Commitment		
Project	 Contract		to Date			
Engineering-water treatment plant	\$ 748,400	\$	552,496	\$	195,904	
Construction-water treatment plant	3,645,944		179,174		3,466,770	
Engineering-wastewater treatment plant	815,000		183,048		631,952	
Total	\$ 5,209,344	\$	914,718	\$	4,294,626	

6. Deferred revenue

Resources owned by the City, which are measurable but not available and therefore deferred in the funds, consist of the following:

Puninana trans

	 Govern	Activities/ Enterprise Funds				
	 General	_	Other	_	Totals	 Other
Property taxes	\$ 96,901	\$	9,456	\$	106,357	\$ -
Intergovernmental	19,456		-		19,456	-
Housing rehabilitation loans	-		200,000		200,000	-
Grants	 	_		_		 319,653
	\$ 116,357	\$	209,456	\$	325,813	\$ 319,653

7. Interfund receivables and payables

The composition of interfund balances at June 30, 2009, is a follows:

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	Other enterprise funds	\$ 154,609

The outstanding balances between funds results from cash deficits in the funds which will be made up in the ensuing year by collections of receivables and transfers from other funds.

Advances from/to other funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	_
Other governmental funds	Other enterprise funds	\$ 90,00	0

The amount payable to the Vehicle Replacement Fund relates to a capital loan with a stated interest rate of 2 percent payable over the next four years with annual installments of \$23,636.

8. Long-term obligations

A. Governmental activities transactions for the year ended June 30, 2009 were as follows:

	Οι	itstanding July 1, 2008	٨	dditions	Reductions		utstanding June 30, 2009	Dι	Balances ne Within One Year
Commonweated shearess							<u> </u>		
Compensated absences	\$	97,058	\$	38,392	<u>\$</u>	\$	135,450	<u>\$</u>	135,450
Captial Leases									
Old National Bank, interest rate of 7.92 perc	ent	22.210			10.015		21 224		** 010
Principal		32,219		-	10,915		21,304		11,812
Interest			_	2,162	2,162	_	-		
		32,219		2,162	13,077	_	21,304		
Bank of Montana, interest rate of 8.05 percent	nt								
Principal		17,745		-	17,745		-		
Interest				1,146	1,146	_			
		17,745		1,146	18,891	_			
Total Long-Term Obligations		147,022		41,700	31,968		156,754	\$	147,262
Interest		-		3,308	3,308		_	_	
Principal	\$	147,022	\$	38,392	\$ 28,660	\$	156,754		
B. Business-type activities transactions for the	-	r ended Jur utstanding July 1, 2008), 2009 we	Reductions		utstanding June 30, 2009	D	Balances ie Within One Year
Special Public Works, Series 1993 - original amount \$510,000, interest rate									
of 5.19 percent									
Principal	\$	222,514	\$	-	\$ 32,557	\$	189,957	\$	34,247
Interest	~	7,620		9,628	11,549	_	5,699		
		230,134		9,628	44,106		195,656		
Refunding Bonds, Series 2001 - original amount \$1,295,00, interest rates of 4.0 to 4.4 percent									
1		475,000			155,000		320,000		160,000
Principal Interest		8,419		- 14,486	17,175		5,730		100,000
morest						_			
		483,419		14,486	172,175		325,730		

8. Long-term obligations (continued)

- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Outstanding July 1, 2008	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding June 30, 2009	Balances Due Within One Year
Sewer Revenue Bond, US Department of Agriculture, original amount \$2,952,000, interest rate of 5.0 percent					
Principal	\$ 2,603,155	\$ -	\$ 42,646	\$ 2,560,509	\$ 43,980
Interest	12,837	129,190	129,397	12,630	
	2,615,992	129,190	172,043	2,573,139	
Oregon Department of Environmental Quality	(ODEQ)				
Clean Water State revolving loan - total					
commitment of \$4,382,000, interest rate of 2.	.92 percent				
Principal	4,350,076	_	127,269	4,222,807	175,022
Interest	95,783	150,984	191,541	55,226	-
	4,445,859	150,984	318,810	4,278,033	
Oregon Economic and Community Developm	ent				
Department (OECDD) Water State revolving	loan,				
total commitment of \$4,208,900, interest rate				•	
of 3.4 percent(project in process)					
Principal	472,760	579,685	-	1,052,445	-
Interest					
	472,760	579,685		1,052,445	
	8,248,164	883,973	707,134	8,425,003	
Compensated absences	13,074	8,083		21,157	21,157
Total	8,261,238	892,056	707,134	8,446,160	\$ 434,406
Interest	124,659	304,288	349,662	79,285	
Principal	\$ 8,136,579	\$ 587,768	<u>\$ 357,472</u>	\$ 8,366,875	

C. Future maturities of governmental activities are as follows:

				Capita	l Le	ase					
Fiscal	Co	mpensated	_	Old Nati	onal	Bank	To	Totals			
Year		Absences	<u>P</u>	rincipal	_I	nterest	Principal	_I	nterest		
2010 2011	\$	135,450	\$	11,812 9,492	\$	1,265 316	\$ 147,262 9,492	\$	1,265 316		
	\$	135,450	<u>\$</u>	21,304	\$	1,581	<u>\$ 156,754</u>	\$	1,581		

8. Long-term obligations (continued)

D. Future maturities of business-type activities are as follows:

				General (Oblig	gation		<u>.</u>						
		Special Pub	lic V	Vorks,	Refunding Bonds,					Sewer Re				
Fiscal		Series	1993	3		Series 2001				USDA Rural	Dev	elopment	_	
Year		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest		•	
2010	\$	34,247	\$	9,859	\$	160,000	\$	10,480	\$	43,980	\$	128,063		
2011		36,025		8,081		160,000		3,520		46,179		125,865		
2012		37,894		6,212		-		-		48,149		123,894		
2013		39,861		4,245		-		_		50,895		121,148		
2014		41,930		2,176		-				53,440		118,603		
2015-19		-		-		-		-		309,674		550,521		
2020-24		-		-		-		-		395,046		465,168		
2025-29		-		-		-		-		504,569		355,646		
2030-34		-		-		-		-		644,031		216,189		
2035-39					,		_	<u>-</u>		464,546		46,517		
	\$	189,957	\$	30,573	\$_	320,000	\$	14,000	\$	2,560,509	\$	2,251,614		
		ODEQ Cle	an V	Vater		OECDD CI	ean	Water						
Fiscal	-	State Revol	ving	Loan	State Revolving Loan (1)			Compensated			То	tals		
Year		Principal		Interest		Principal	_	Interest		absences		Principal		Interest
2010	\$	175,022	\$	122,038	\$	_	\$	-	\$	21,157	\$	434,406	\$	270,440
2011		180,170		116,890		136,352		129,499		-		558,726		383,855
2012		185,470		111,590		187,289		167,179		-		458,802		408,875
2013		190,925		106,135		193,757		160,711		-		475,438		392,239
2014		196,541		100,519		200,448		154,020		æ		492,359		375,318
2015-19		1,072,894		412,406		207,371		147,097		_		1,589,939		1,110,024
2020-24		1,240,239		245,061		127,228		112,612		_		1,762,513		822,841
2025-29		981,546		58,152		· -		, -		_		1,486,115		413,798
2030-34		-,				_		_		_		644,031		216,189
2035-39												464,546		46,517
	\$	4,222,807	\$	1,272,791	\$	1,052,445	\$	871,118	\$	21,157	\$	8,366,875	\$	4,440,096

⁽¹⁾ The loan is currently in process and a final amortization schedule has not been established. Amounts presented are estimates based on loan proceeds which have been received through June 30, 2009.

9. Pension plans

Union Bank of California

The City sponsors a retirement plan for eligible employees and non-sworn police employees through a contract with Union Bank of California. The retirement plan is a defined benefit plan to which employees and the City both contribute. All full time employees are eligible to participate in the Plan after six months of employment. Benefits vest after 60 months of membership in the Plan. Employees may retire with insurance benefits at age 65 or at age 55 with 30 years of service. Employees are eligible for early retirement with reduced benefits at age 55. The Plan also provides for death and disability benefits.

The Plan requires, and it is the policy of the City, to fund all normal current and prior unfunded service pension costs over a period of ten years.

The rate of employee contribution is established in the Plan document as 6% of the basic monthly earnings. The rate of employer contributions is determined annually, based on an actuarial evaluation by Milliman USA. The employer rate for 2007-08 was 15% of employee earnings. The contribution for the year ended June 30, 2009 was \$219,639 which consists of \$151,357 for the City's portion, and \$68,282 for the employees' portion.

For the year ended June 30, 2009, the City's annual pension cost of \$219,639 was equal to the City's actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the July 1, 2006 actuarial valuation using the aggregate actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 6.5 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and (b) projected salary increases due to inflation and seniority/ merit raises of 5.0 percent per year, compounded annually. For this valuation, the actuarial value of assets is equal to the plan's net assets, which is the fund balance of the insurance contract at the valuation date.

Fiscal Year Ended		Annual	Net Pension					
June 30,	C	Cost (APC)		ontributed	Percentage	Obligation		
2009	\$	219,639	\$	219,639	100%	\$	-	
2008		211,534		212,042	100%		7,595	
2007		216,783		217,575	100%		8,103	

10. Pension plans (continued)

Oregon Public Employees' Retirement System

The City contributes to the Oregon Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), a cost-sharing multiple-employer hybrid pension plan. Both PERS and OPSRP are governed by the Public Employees' Retirement Board (PERB) under the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes 238. PERS provides retirement benefits under a variety of benefit options, as selected by retiring employees, and provides death and disability benefits. OPSRP provides a combination of retirement benefits under a defined benefit plan and an individual account program (IAP), the balance of which will be paid out in either a lump sum or over a 5, 10, 15 or 20 year period. Employees hired on or after August 29, 2003 participate only in OPSRP. Beginning January 1, 2004, active PERS members hired before August 29, 2003 became members of the IAP of OPSRP. These members retain their existing PERS account; however any future member contributions will be placed in the IAP. A copy of the Oregon Public Employees' Retirement System annual financial report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System, P.O. Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700, by calling (503) 598-7377 or at www.oregon.gov/PERS.

City employees are eligible to participate after completing six months of service. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute 6 percent of their compensation to the plan. Current law permits the City to pay this amount on behalf of the employees. The City currently pays the 6 percent, only for represented police officers. The City's contribution rate is set by PERB and is periodically adjusted based upon actuarial computations of the amount needed to provide retirement benefits. For employees hired before August 29, 2003, the City's contribution rate is 17.94 percent of covered compensation. For employees hired on or after August 29, 2003, the City's contribution rate is 12.61 percent of covered compensation for police and 9.0 percent of covered compensation for all other employees.

The City's contribution to the plan for the years ending June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007, were equal to the City's required contributions for each year as follows:

			C	ity Paid			
Fiscal Year Ended		City	\mathbf{N}	1ember	E	mployee	
June 30,	Co	Contribution		Contribution		ntributions	Total
2009	\$	131,615	\$	34,929	\$	13,728	\$ 180,272
2008		134,193		32,997		16,620	183,810
2007		131,154		29,324		18,559	179,037
				· ·			

11. Risk management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In 1981 the League of Oregon Cities joined together with the Association of Oregon Counties to form City County Insurance Services (CCIS), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for approximately 265 municipal corporations and associated entities in the State of Oregon. CCIS is self-sustaining through member premiums and reinsures through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$2 million for each insured event.

The City has obtained, from CCIS, insurance for risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

12. Interfund transfers

As part of the budget preparation and adoption, the City anticipates making interfund transfers to move resources between funds to provide resources for specific expenditures that are not supported by other revenues.

The non-cash transfers occur when a fund purchases capital assets which are used in the operation of a different fund's activities, receives proceeds from long-term obligations which are reported in a different fund, or makes principal payments on long-term obligations which are accounted for in a different fund.

Fund	_ <u>_ Tı</u>	ransfers In	Transfers Out		
Governmental					
General	\$	299,791	\$	256,800	
Other		635,671		148,867	
Business-type					
Enterprise funds					
Sewer		147,380		360,803	
Sewer - non-cash		318,640		-	
Water		108,140		267,507	
Water - non-cash		700,757		579,685	
Other		101,300		258,305	
Other - non-cash		579,685		842,685	
Governmental activities					
Transfer to business-type activities - non-cash				176,712	
	\$	2,891,364	<u>\$</u>	2,891,364	

13. Segment information

The City maintains two Enterprise utilities, which provide sewer and water services. The sewer utility is accounted for in the sewer utility, sewer SDC, and sewer construction funds. The water utility is accounted for in the water utility, water SDC, and water construction funds. Summary financial information for the sewer and water utilities for the year ended June 30, 2009 is as follows:

	 Sewer	Water		
Condensed statement of net assets				
Assets				
Current	\$ 3,906,405	\$	849,444	
Capital	 8,414,008		9,201,425	
Total assets	 12,320,413		10,050,869	
Liabilities				
Current	945,229		574,258	
Noncurrent	 6,564,314		1,368,155	
Total liabilities	 7,509,543		1,942,413	
Net assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,630,692		7,639,023	
Restricted	691,386		309,672	
Unrestricted	 2,488,792	·	159,761	
Total net assets	\$ 4,810,870	\$	8,108,456	
Condensed statement of revenues, expenses				
and changes in net assets				
Operating revenue	\$ 2,155,512	\$	1,337,948	
Depreciation expense	162,769		184,703	
Other operating expenses	 1,043,387		798,552	
Operating income	949,356		354,693	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 (190,203)		25,604	
Income before transfers	759,153		380,297	
Transfers in	466,020		1,388,582	
Transfers out	 (725,689)		(1,583,296)	
Change in net assets	499,484		185,583	
Net assets - beginning	4,376,869		7,922,873	
Prior period adjustment	 (65,483)			
Net assets - ending	\$ 4,810,870	\$	8,108,456	

13. Segment information (continued)

	Sewer	Water
Condensed statement of cash flows		
Net cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities	\$ 1,188,341	\$ 615,723
Non-capital financing activities	(362,718)	(268,377)
Capital and related financing activities	(838,453)	(717,360)
Investing activities	68,109	17,326
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	55,279	(352,688)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	3,481,660	903,143
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 3,536,939	\$ 550,455

14. Contingency - sick leave

Portions of sick leave accumulated at any point in time can be expected to be redeemed before termination of employment; however, such redemptions cannot be reasonably estimated. The City does not compensate the employees for unused accumulations upon termination of employment. As of June 30, 2009, City employees had accumulated 1,268 days of sick leave.

15. Deficit fund balance

As of June 30, 2009, the following funds had a deficit balance:

- Parks Construction: The deficit of \$1,734 will be eliminated as reimbursements, for expenditures incurred, are applied for and received from the granting agencies.
- Sewer Construction: The deficit of \$241,506 will be eliminated by proceeds from issuance of long term debt.
- Water Construction: The deficit of \$26,220 will be eliminated by proceeds from issuance of long term debt.

16. Lease agreements

The City leases office space for its public works operations. The lease expired October 17, 2009. Future required minimum rental payments for the ensuing year are \$14,145. Rent payments for the year ended June 30, 2009 were \$15,324.

17. Restricted net assets

The amount of net assets restricted by enabling legislation is as follows:

Government activities:

Capital Projects – amounts received for System Development Charges (SDC) are restricted for capital improvements which expand the capacity of the system for which the charge was made as required by the city ordinance imposing the SDC

\$ 602,337

Business-type activities:

Capital Projects – amounts received for System Development Charges (SDC) are restricted for capital improvements which expand the capacity of the system for which the charge was made as required by the city ordinance imposing the SDC

932,017

Total net assets restricted by enabling legislation

\$ 1,534,354

Net assets of business-type activities have also been restricted for debt service as required by lenders as follows:

United States Department of Agriculture Rural - Development Reserve	\$ 172,043
United States Department of Agriculture Rural – Debt Reserve	14,337
Oregon Department of Environmental Quality	150,387
Net assets restricted for debt service	\$ 336,767

18. Expenditures in excess of appropriations

Oregon law prohibits expenditures of a fund in excess of city approved appropriations. The city council approves appropriations by department, if applicable, and by major function class (personal services, materials and services, capital outlay) for each fund.

Expenditures in excess of appropriations in individual funds for the year ended June 30, 2009, occurred as follows:

Fund	Appropr	riation Exp	oenditure_	Variance		
General						
Debt service	\$	- \$	31,968	\$	(31,968)	

19. Prior period adjustment

The beginning net assets of the Library and Sewer funds have been adjusted to correct for errors in capital assets of \$1,798,678 and \$65,483, respectively.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2009

			Special	Reve	enue		
	L	ibrary	 Street	St	reet SDC	Pa	rks SDC
ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables Advances to other funds	\$	66,939 15,128	\$ 23,455 25,644 -	\$	413,470 8,414	\$	180,473
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	82,067	\$ 49,099	\$	421,884	\$	180,473
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue	\$	8,565 - 9,456	\$ 6,306	\$	20	\$	- - -
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u></u>	18,021	 6,306		20		<u> </u>
FUND BALANCES Unreserved reported in: Special revenue funds Capital project fund		64,046	 42,793 <u>-</u>		421,864 -		180,473
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		64,046	42,793		421,864		180,473
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$</u>	82,067	\$ 49,099	\$	421,884	_\$_	180,473

		Special Revenue						Capital Projects					
Pub	lic Works]	Housing	•	Vehicle			F	acilities		Parks		
Adm	inistration	Rel	abilitation	Re	placement	<u>G</u> :	rants	Dev	velopment	Cor	struction		Totals
\$	26,180	\$	- 200,000 -	\$	473,048 - 90,000	\$	78 - -	\$	163,986 10,000 -	\$	- - -	\$ 1	,347,629 259,186 90,000
\$	26,180	\$	200,000	\$	563,048	\$	78	\$	173,986	\$	-	\$ 1	,696,815
\$	3,535	\$	200,000	\$	16,118 - -	\$	- -	\$	- - -	\$	- 1,734 -	\$	34,544 1,734 209,456
	3,535		200,000		16,118						1,734		245,734
	22,645				546,930 -		78		173,986		- (1,734)	1	,278,829 172,252
	22,645				546,930		78		173,986		(1,734)	1	,451,081
\$	26,180	\$	200,000	\$	563,048	\$	78	\$	173,986	\$	-	\$ 1	,696,815

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Special Revenue								
	Ι	Library		Street	Str	eet SDC	Pa	rks SDC	
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$	131,460	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Other taxes		-		-		_		-	
Charge for services		66,247				_		-	
Grants and contributions		22,500		-		24,132		9,220	
Licenses, permits and fees		10,414		-				-	
Fines and forfeitures		14,953		-		-		-	
Assessments		-		560		-		_	
Intergovernmental		1,476		367,280		-		-	
Rent		-		-		-		-	
Interest		815		952		7,999		3,365	
Miscellaneous		1,627		235			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
TOTAL REVENUES		249,492		369,027		32,131		12,585	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		-		-		-		-	
Public safety		-		-		-		-	
Highways and streets		-		211,855		761		-	
Culture and recreation		329,709		-		-		3,078	
Capital outlay		44,602		87		21,906		-	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		374,311		211,942		22,667		3,078	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(124,819)	_	157,085		9,464		9,507	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		155,500		-		_		-	
Transfers out				(146,382)		(2,120)		(365)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		155,500		(146,382)		(2,120)		(365)	
Net change in fund balances		30,681		10,703		7,344		9,142	
Fund balances at beginning of year		33,365		32,090		414,520		171,331	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	64,046	\$	42,793	\$	421,864	\$	180,473	

Special Revenue							Capital				
Public Works Administration		Vehicle olacement	Gra	Grants		Facilities 911 Development				arks truction	 Totals
\$ -	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 131,460
-	,	_	·	_	·	51,592		_		_	51,592
_		_		-		-		-		-	66,247
-		_	(6,383		-		10,000		-	72,235
-		_		-		-		-		-	10,414
-		-		-		_		-		-	14,953
_		· -		-		-		-		-	560
-		-		-		-		-		-	368,756
-		-		-		-		32,376		-	32,376
452		10,544		_		-		3,051		-	27,178
45		<u>-</u>				-		-			 1,907
497		10,544		6,383		51,592		45,427			 777,678
_		-		6,725		_		20,760		_	27,485
_		_		_		51,592		,,,,		_	51,592
350,199		-		-		-		_		_	562,815
		_		-		-		-		-	332,787
		175,394									 241,989
350,199	_	175,394		6,725		51,592		20,760		-	 1,216,668
(349,702)	(164,850)		(342)				24,667		-	 (438,990)
245 001		124 270									635,671
345 , 901		134,270 -		-		-		-			 (148,867)
345,901		134,270				_		-		<u>-</u>	486,804
(3,801)	(30,580)		(342)		-		24,667		_	47,814
26,446		577,510		420		-		149,319		(1,734)	1,403,267
\$ 22,645	\$	546,930	\$	78	\$		\$	173,986	\$	(1,734)	\$ 1,451,081

LIBRARY - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year ended June 30, 2009

	Budget		Actual	Variance		
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ 138,900	\$	131,460	\$	(7,440)	
. Charge for services	52,600		66,247		13,647	
Grants and contributions	22,500		22,500		-	
Licenses, permits and fees	9,000		10,414		1,414	
Fines and forfeitures	13,500		14,953		1,453	
Intergovernmental	1,530		1,476		(54)	
Interest	600		815		215	
Miscellaneous	 1,300		1,627		327	
TOTAL REVENUES	 239,930		249,492		9,562	
EXPENDITURES						
Personal services	296,003		275,208		20,795	
Materials and services	58,030		54,501		3,529	
Capital outlay	44,900		44,602		298	
Contingency	 16,497		<u>-</u>		16,497	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 415,430		374,311		41,119	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(175,500)		(124,819)		50,681	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	 155,500		155,500			
Net change in fund balance	(20,000)		30,681		50,681	
Fund balance at beginning of year	 20,000		33,365		13,365	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 	_\$	64,046	\$	64,046	

STREET - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year ended June 30, 2009

		Budget	Actual	Variance		
REVENUES			 			
Assessments	\$	600	\$ 560	\$	(40)	
Intergovernmental		429,045	367,280		(61,765)	
Interest		6,680	952		(5,728)	
Miscellaneous			 235		235	
TOTAL REVENUES	·	436,325	 369,027		(67,298)	
EXPENDITURES						
Personal services		84,464	68,961		15,503	
Materials and services		161,420	142,894		18,526	
Capital outlay		54,700	87		54,613	
Contingency		33,144	 -		33,144	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		333,728	 211,942		121,786	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		102,597	157,085		54,488	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out		(196,382)	 (146,382)		50,000	
Net change in fund balance		(93,785)	10,703		104,488	
Fund balance at beginning of year		93,785	 32,090		(61,695)	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	_	\$ 42,793	\$	42,793	

STREET SDC - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year ended June 30, 2009

]	Budget	Actual	Variance		
REVENUES						
Grants and contributions	\$	32,520	\$ 24,132	\$	(8,388)	
Interest		12,000	 7,999		(4,001)	
TOTAL REVENUES		44,520	 32,131		(12,389)	
EXPENDITURES						
Materials and services		122,500	761		121,739	
Capital outlay		215,000	21,906		193,094	
Contingency		88,655	 		88,655	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		426,155	22,667		403,488	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(381,635)	9,464		391,099	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out	_	(2,120)	(2,120)			
Net change in fund balance		(383,755)	7,344		391,099	
Fund balance at beginning of year		383,755	 414,520		30,765	
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$ 421,864	\$	421,864	

PARKS SDC - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year ended June 30, 2009

		Budget		Actual	Variance		
REVENUES	ď	975 000	\$	0.220	\$	(965 790)	
Grants and contributions Interest	\$	875,000 5,000	Ф	9,220 3,365	Ф	(865,780) (1,635)	
interest				3,505		(1,033)	
TOTAL REVENUES		880,000		12,585		(867,415)	
EXPENDITURES							
Materials and services		10,000		3,078		6,922	
Capital Qutlay		1,000,000		-		1,000,000	
Contingency		50,985				50,985	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,060,985		3,078		1,057,907	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(180,985)		9,507		190,492	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out		(365)		(365)		-	
Net change in fund balance		(181,350)		9,142		190,492	
Fund balance at beginning of year		181,350		171,331		(10,019)	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	_	\$	180,473	\$	180,473	

PUBLIC WORKS ADMINISTRATION - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year ended June 30, 2009

		Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES							
Interest	\$	300	\$	452	\$	152	
Miscellaneous				45		45	
TOTAL REVENUES		300		497		197	
EXPENDITURES							
Personal services		310,701		248,726		61,975	
Materials and services		122,740		101,473		21,267	
Contingency		2,760		<u>-</u>		2,760	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		436,201		350,199		86,002	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(435,901)		(349,702)		86,199	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		395,901		345,901		(50,000)	
Net change in fund balance		(40,000)		(3,801)		36,199	
Fund balance at beginning of year		40,000		26,446		(13,554)	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	_	\$	22,645	\$	22,645	

VEHICLE REPLACEMENT - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year ended June 30, 2009

		Budget	Actual		Variance	
REVENUES	Φ.	0.000	di	10.544	•	5.544
Interest	\$	8,000		10,544		2,544
EXPENDITURES						
Capital outlay		415,000		175,394		239,606
Contingency		147,085		-		147,085
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		562,085		175,394		386,691
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(554,085)		(164,850)	·	389,235
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from capital leases		40,000		-		(40,000)
Transfers in		134,270		134,270		-
Advances to other funds		(90,000)		(90,000)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		84,270		44,270		(40,000)
Net change in fund balance		(469,815)		(120,580)		349,235
Fund balance at beginning of year		469,815		577,510		107,695
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	456,930	\$	456,930
Reconciliation to generally accepted accounting pri	nciples			90,000		
rigrances to other range				90,000	•	
Net assets at end of year			\$	546,930		

GRANTS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	 Budget	 Actual	 Variance
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$ 100,000	\$ - 6 202	\$ (100,000)
Grants	 15,000	 6,383	 (8,617)
TOTAL REVENUES	 115,000	6,383	 (108,617)
EXPENDITURES			
Personal services	12,000	6,665	5,335
Materials and services	10,000	60	9,940
Capital outlay	 95,000		 95,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	117,000	 6,725	 110,275
Net change in fund balance	(2,000)	(342)	1,658
Fund balance at beginning of year	 2,000	420	 (1,580)
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 	\$ 78	\$ 78_

911 - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES Taxes	\$	50,000	\$	51,592	\$	1,592
EXPENDITURES Materials and services	n	50,000		51,592		(1,592)
Net change in fund balance Fund balance at beginning of year	a 17	-		- -		- - <u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$	_	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	

FACILITIES DEVELOPMENT - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

		Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES							
Rent	\$	29,000	\$	32,376	\$	3,376	
Grants and contributions		-		10,000		10,000	
Interest		7,000		3,051		(3,949)	
TOTAL REVENUES		36,000		45,427		9,427	
EXPENDITURES							
Materials and services		43,000		20,760		22,240	
Contingency		139,650				139,650	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		182,650	<u></u>	20,760		161,890	
Net change in fund balance		(146,650)		24,667		1 71,3 17	
Fund balance at beginning of year		146,650		149,319		2,669	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	<u> </u>	\$	173,986	\$	173,986	

PARKS CONSTRUCTION - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	73,450	\$		\$	(73,450)
EXPENDITURES						•
Materials and services		20,000		-		20,000
Capital outlay		53,450				53,450
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		73,450				73,450
Net change in fund balance		-		_		-
Fund balance at beginning of year	<u> </u>			(1,734)		(1,734)
Fund balance at end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(1,734)	\$	(1,734)

SEWER - ENTERPRISE FUND (A MAJOR FUND) SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	original and inal Budget		Actual		Variance
REVENUES					
Charge for services	\$ 2,126,530	\$	2,166,453	\$	39,923
Interest	124,785		55,053		(69,732)
Miscellaneous	 		7,750		7,750
TOTAL REVENUES	 2,251,315		2,229,256		(22,059)
EXPENDITURES					
Personal services	584,302		403,633		180,669
Materials and services	1,016,440		673,856		342,584
Capital outlay	470,000		333,625		136,375
Debt service	494,100		490,853		3,247
Contingency	 1,317,404				1,317,404
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,882,246		1,901,967		1,980,279
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (1,630,931)		327,289		1,958,220
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				-	
Transfers in	147,380		147,380		-
Transfers out	 (360,803)		(360,803)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(213,423)		(213,423)		
Net change in fund balance	(1,844,354)		113,866		1,958,220
Fund balance at beginning of year	 1,844,354		2,781,858		937,504
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 		2,895,724	\$	2,895,724
Reconciliation to the accrual basis of accounting:					
Capital assets, net			8,414,008		
Accrued interest payable			(67,856)		
Compensated absences payable			(5,845)		
Deferred revenue			3,536		
Long-term obligations			(6,783,316)		
Net assets at end of year		_\$_	4,456,251		

WATER - ENTERPRISE FUND (A MAJOR FUND) SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	riginal and nal Budget	Actual	7	/ariance
REVENUES				
Charge for services	\$ 1,425,570	\$ 1,342,847	\$	(82,723)
Fees and permits	9,960	9,297		(663)
Interest	16,170	9,711		(6,459)
Other	2,815	 3,915		1,100
TOTAL REVENUES	 1,454,515	 1,365,770		(88,745)
EXPENDITURES				
Personal services	4 6 0,1 2 8	422,478		37,650
Materials and services	468,165	422,226		45,939
Capital outlay	428,100	425,106		2,994
Debt service	216,400	216,281		119
Contingency	 157,065			157,065
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,729,858	 1,486,091		243,767
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (275,343)	 (120,321)		155,022
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	108,140	108,140		-
Transfers out	 (267,507)	 (267,507)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 (159,367)	 (159,367)		-
Net change in fund balance	(434,710)	(279,688)		155,022
Fund balance at beginning of year	 434,710	458,891		24,181
Fund balance at end of year	 	179,203	\$	179,203
Reconciliation to the accrual basis of accounting:				
Capital assets, net		9,201,425		
Accrued interest payable		(11,429)		
Compensated absences payable		(10,909)		
Deferred revenue		2,896		
Long-term obligations		(1,562,402)		
Net assets at end of year		\$ 7,798,784		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS OTHER ENTERPRISE FUNDS June 30, 2009

	Water SDC	Swimming Pool
ASSETS	-	
Current assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 335,892	\$ 26,834
Receivables		12,970
Total current assets	335,892	39,804
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		300,271
TOTAL ASSETS	335,892	340,075
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	-	2,211
Due to other funds	-	-
Advances from other funds	-	90,000
Deferred revenue	-	-
Compensated absences		4,403
Total current liabilities	<u>-</u>	96,614
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1 24	300,271
Restricted for:		
Capital projects	335,892	-
Other purposes	-	-
Unrestricted		(56,810)
Total net assets	\$ 335,892	\$ 243,461

	ublimity RECD	Sewer SDC	Sewer Construction		Water Construction			Totals
\$	92,725	\$ 596,125	\$	-	\$	•	\$	1,051,576
			-	215,591		182,825		411,386
	92,725	596,125		215,591		182,825		1,462,962
	_				,	-		300,271
	92,725	596,125		215,591		182,825		1,763,233
	-	-		93,785		99,829		195,825
	-	-		147,721		5,154		152,875
	-	-		-		-		90,000
	-	-		215,591		104,062		319,653
• • • •		h-	 	-				4,403
	<u>.</u>			457,097		209,045		762,756
	-	-		-				300,271
	-	596,125		-		-		932,017
	92,725	, -		-		-		92,725
	_		-	(241,506)		(26,220)	<u> </u>	(324,536)
\$	92,725	\$ 596,125	\$	(241,506)	\$	(26,220)	\$	1,000,477

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS OTHER ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Water SDC	Swimming Pool		
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ 137,069		
Sales of merchandise		13,629		
Total operating revenues		150,698		
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personal services	-	223,725		
Materials and services	-	127,784		
Depreciation		11,628		
Total operating expenses		363,137		
Operating (loss)		(212,439)		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Capital grants and system development charges	10,680	_		
Taxes	-	96,026		
Interest	7,615	613		
Miscellaneous		17,246		
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	18,295	113,885		
Income (loss) before transfers	18,295	(98,554)		
TRANSFERS	÷			
Transfers in	-	101,300		
Transfers out	(109,010)			
Total transfers	(109,010)	101,300		
Change in net assets	(90,715)	2,746		
Total net assets - beginning	426,607	240,715		
Total net assets - ending	\$ 335,892	\$ 243,461		

Sublimity RECD		Sewer SDC	Sewer Construction	Water Construction	Totals
\$	-	\$ - -	\$ - ,	\$ - -	\$ 137,069 13,629
				-	150,698
	- -	- -	- -	-	223,725 127,784
	-				11,628
	<u>-</u> .				363,137
		-			(212,439)
	-	14,112	-	-	24,792
	1,758	- 13,056	-	-	96,026 23,042
		-			17,246
	1,758	27,168			161,106
	1,758	27,168			(51,333)
				570 (05	(00.005
	<u>-</u>	(149,295)	(215,591)	579,685 (627,094)	680,985 (1,100,990)
		(149,295)	(215,591)	(47,409)	(420,005)
	1,758 90,967	(122,127) 718,252	(215,591) (25,915)	(47,409) 21,189	(471,338) 1,471,815
\$	92,725	\$ 596,125	\$ (241,506)	\$ (26,220)	\$ 1,000,477

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS OTHER ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Water SDC	Swimming Pool	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers and users	-	\$ 161,888	
Payments to suppliers	(12,167)	(126,796)	
Payments to employees		(219,322)	
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(12,167)	(184,230)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Grants and contributions	=	=	
Transfers in	-	101,300	
Transfers out	(109,010)	-	
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities	(109,010)	101,300	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from property taxes	-	95,183	
Proceeds from long term obligations	-	-	
Receipts from SDC assessments	10,680	-	
Interfund loans	-	90,000	
Acquisition of capital assets or construction in progress		(107,344)	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	10,680	77,839	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest	7,615	613	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(102,882)	(4,478)	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	438,774	31,312	
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 335,892	\$ 26,834	
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash (used in) operating activities			
Operating (loss)	-	(211,596)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash		, , ,	
(used in) operating activities			
Depreciation	-	11,628	
Miscellaneous (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	-	16,403	
·	-	(6,056)	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities	(12,167)	988	
Accounts payable Compensated absences	(12,107)	4,403	
Compensator auscrices		4,403	
Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$ (12,167)	\$ (184,230)	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH TRANSACTIONS			
Transfers in	\$ -	\$ -	
Transfers out			
Total noncash transactions	s -	\$ -	

Sublimity RECD	Sewer Sewer SDC Construct		Water Construction	Totals		
\$ - - -	\$ - (3,842)	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ 161,888 (142,805) (219,322)		
<u>-</u>	(3,842)	_		(200,239)		
-		-	-	-		
-	(149,295)		- 	101,300 (258,305)		
	(149,295)			(157,005)		
-	-	-	<u>-</u>	95,183		
-	- 14 (12)	-	500,922	500,922		
•	14,112	139,395	5,154	24,792 234,549		
_	-	(139,395)	(557,844)	(804,583)		
	14,112		(51,768)	50,863		
1,758	13,056	<u>-</u>	_	23,042		
1,758 90,967	(125,969) 722,094		(51,768) 51,768	(283,339) 1,334,915		
\$ 92,725	\$ 596,125	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ 1,051,576		
	-	-	-	(211,596)		
-	-		-	11,628		
-	-	-	-	16,403 (6,056)		
	(3,842)	-	-	(15,021)		
	-			4,403		
<u>\$</u>	\$ (3,842)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (200,239)		
\$ - 	\$ -	\$ - (215,591)	\$ 579,685 (627,094)	\$ 579,685 (842,685)		
\$	\$ -	\$ (215,591)				

WATER SDC - ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES				<u>,</u>		
System development charges	\$	39,500	\$	10,680	\$	(28,820)
Interest		6,000		7,615		1,615
TOTAL REVENUES		45,500		18,295		(27,205)
EXPENDITURES						
Materials and services		132,000		-		132,000
Contingency		133,090		-		133,090
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		265,090				265,090
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(219,590)		18,295		237,885
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out		(109,010)		(109,010)		
Net change in fund balance		(328,600)		(90,715)		237,885
Fund balance at beginning of year		328,600		426,607		98,007
Fund balance at end of year	\$	<u>.</u>	\$	335,892	\$	335,892

SWIMMING POOL - ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES						_
Taxes	\$	102,325	\$	95,183	\$	(7,142)
Charges for services		138,125		137,069		(1,056)
Sales of merchandise		17,250		13,629		(3,621)
Interest		500		613		113
Miscellaneous		150		17,246		17,096
TOTAL REVENUES		258,350		263,740		5,390
EXPENDITURES						
Personal services		255,693		219,322		36,371
Materials and services		129,717		127,534		2,183
Capital outlay		100,000		107,594		(7,594)
Contingency		6,600		-		6,600
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		492,010		454,450		37,560
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(233,660)		(190,710)		42,950
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		101,300		101,300		-
Interfund loan proceeds		90,000		90,000		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	,	191,300		191,300		
Net change in fund balance		(42,360)		590		42,950
Fund balance at beginning of year		42,360		30,089		(12,271)
Fund balance at end of year	\$			30,679	\$	30,679
Reconciliation to the accrual basis of accounting:						
Capital assets, net				300,271		
Compensated absences payable				(4,403)		
Deferred revenue				6,914		
Interfund loan payable				(90,000)		
Net assets at end of year				243,461		

SUBLIMITY RECD - ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	E	Budget	 Actual	Variance		
REVENUES Interest	\$	3,800	\$ 1,758	\$	(2,042)	
Fund balance at beginning of year		(3,800)	90,967		94,767	
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$ 92,725	\$	92,725	

SEWER SDC - ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Budget		 Actual	Variance		
REVENUES System development charges Interest	\$	40,000 5,000	\$ 14,112 13,056	\$	(25,888) 8,056	
TOTAL REVENUES		45,000	 27,168		(17,832)	
EXPENDITURES						
Materials and services		87,000	-		87,000	
Contingency		280,000	 <u>-</u>		280,000	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		367,000	 		367,000	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(322,000)	27,168		349,168	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(149,295)	 (149,295)		_	
Net change in fund balance		(471,295)	(122,127)		349,168	
Fund balance at beginning of year		471,295	 718,252		246,957	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 596,125	\$	596,125	

SEWER CONSTRUCTION - ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	riginal and nal Budget		Actual	Variance		
EXPENDITURES	 					
Materials and services	\$ 777,000	\$	215,591	\$	561,409	
Capital outlay	4,534,000		-		4,534,000	
Contingency	 261,000				261,000	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,572,000		215,591		5,356,409	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from long-term obligations	 5,572,000				(5,572,000)	
Net change in fund balance	-		(215,591)		(215,591)	
Fund balance at beginning of year	 		(25,915)		(25,915)	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 	_\$	(241,506)	\$	(241,506)	

WATER CONSTRUCTION - ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

		riginal and nal Budget	Actual	Variance		
EXPENDITURES	<u></u>					
Materials and services	\$	570,000	\$ 447,560	\$	122,440	
Capital outlay		3,638,900	 179,534		3,459,366	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		4,208,900	627,094		3,581,806	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from long-term obligations		4,208,900	 579,685		(3,629,215)	
Net change in fund balance		-	(47,409)		(47,409)	
Fund balance at beginning of year		-	 21,189		21,189	
Fund balance at end of year	_\$		\$ (26,220)	\$	(26,220)	

REQUIRED DISCLOSURES AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S COMMENTS AS OUTLINED IN OREGON ADMINISTRATIVE RULES CHAPTER 162 [SECRETARY OF STATE, AUDITS DIVISION], DIVISION 10 [MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR AUDITS OF OREGON MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS]

Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-050 through 162-10-320 incorporated in the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, prescribed by the Secretary of State in cooperation with the Oregon State Board of Accountancy, enumerate the financial statements, schedules, and comments and disclosures required in audit reports. The required statements and schedules are set forth in preceding sections of this report. Required comments and disclosures related to our audit of such statements and schedules are set forth in the following pages.

- · Accounting Records and Internal Controls
- · Collateral
- · Indebtedness
- · Budget
- · Insurance and Fidelity Bonds
- · Programs Funded from Outside Sources
- · Investments
- · Highway Funds
- · Public Contracts and Purchasing

BOLDT, CARLISLE & SMITH LLC

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REOFIRED DISCLOSURES AND INDEPENDENTIAUDITOR'S COMMENTS AS OUTLINED IN OREGON ADMINISTRATIVE RULES CHAPTER 162 [SECRETARY OF STATE, AUDITS DIVISION], DIVISION 10 [MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR AUDITS OF OREGON MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

162-010-0230 -- ACCOUNTING RECORDS AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

1. Accounting records

The entity's accounting records were reasonably maintained and adequate to support our audit of the basic financial statements.

2. Internal control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the entity's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United. States of America such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However we have issued a separate letter to management regarding internal controls.

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REQUIRED DISCLOSURES AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S COMMENTS AS OUTLINED IN OREGON ADMINISTRATIVE RULES CHAPTER 162 [SECRETARY OF STATE, AUDITS DIVISION], DIVISION 10 [MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR AUDITS OF OREGON MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS (Continued)

162-010-0240 - COLLATERAL

ORS 295 requires deposits with financial institutions in excess of the amount insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation be held at qualifying institutions under the Public Funds Collateralization Program and that public officials provide the Office of the Oregon State Treasurer with the names of all bank depositories in which the City currently deposits public funds.

The City has complied with the provisions of ORS 295 as it pertains to the collateralization of public funds.

162-010-0250 - INDEBTEDNESS

1. Limitations on the amount incurred

The general obligation bonded debt of the entity is in compliance with the limitation imposed by ORS.

2. Liquidation provisions, debt agreement provisions, and restricted assets

We noted no defaults in principal, interest, sinking fund, or redemption provisions with respect to any of the entity's long-term debt issues, and no breach of the debt agreements at June 30, 2009.

162-010-0260 - BUDGET

1. Current year

A. Preparation and adoption: The budget was prepared and adopted in compliance with legal requirements.

B. Execution

The budget was executed in compliance with legal requirements, except that disbursements in excess of appropriations (which is prohibited by ORS 294.435) were made in the following categories:

Fund/Category	App	<u>Appropriation</u>		Actual		<u>Variance</u>		
General Debt service	\$	-	\$	31,968	\$	(31,968)		
911 Materials and services		50,000		51,592		(1,592)		
Swimming Pool Capital outlay		100,000		107,594		(7,594)		

Prior to over expending an appropriation category, the board by resolution (ORS 294.450), may transfer amounts between appropriation categories.

REQUIRED DISCLOSURES AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S COMMENTS AS OUTLINED IN OREGON ADMINISTRATIVE RULES CHAPTER 162 [SECRETARY OF STATE, AUDITS DIVISION], DIVISION 10 [MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR AUDITS OF OREGON MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS (Continued)

162-010-0260 - BUDGET (continued)

2. Subsequent year

The budget was prepared and adopted in compliance with legal requirements except:

- A. Transfers budgeted as requirements did not balance with transfers budgeted as resources ORS 294.361(2).
- B. The amounts summarized in the published financial summary LB-1 did not agree with amounts on the LB-2 and LB-3.
- C. Amounts summarized on forms LB-2 and LB-3 did not agree to amounts on the budget detail sheets. ORS 294.386(1).
- D. Amounts listed in the appropriations resolution did not agree to the adopted budget.
- 3. Financial or organizational level of appropriations: The City established the levels of budgetary control at the personal services, materials and services, capital outlay, operating contingencies, debt service, and all other requirement levels for all funds.

162-010-0270 - INSURANCE AND FIDELITY BONDS

1. Insurance

			Policy	
Policy			Renewal	Amount of
Number	Company	Type of Coverage	Date	Coverage
STT-12008	City County Insurance	Liability	7/1/2009	\$ 4,500,000
STT-12008	City County Insurance	Excess liability	7/1/2009	13,500
STT-12008	City County Insurance	Auto Liability	7/1/2009	Included
STT-12008	City County Insurance	Auto Physical Damage	7/1/2009	Per Schedule
STT-12008	City County Insurance	Real Property	7/1/2009	29,334,215
STT-12008	City County Insurance	Business Property	7/1/2009	7,489,814
STT-12008	City County Insurance	Protable/Mobile Equipmen	7/1/2009	720,647
STT-12008	City County Insurance	EDP-Computer	7/1/2009	Included
STT-12008	City County Insurance	Boiler and Machinery	7/1/2009	Included
STTW2008-00	City County Insurance	Worker's Compensation	7/1/2009	Oregon Statutory
3159435	Ohio Casualty	Fidelity Bon-Police Dept	3/11/2010	100,000
3318122	Ohio Casualty	Fidelity Bond	3/11/2010	450,600

2. Fidelity bonds

ORS 332.525 requires the Finance Director and persons authorized to handle City funds to be bonded in an amount to be determined by the City Council. The following bonds are in force in accordance with amounts required by the City Council:

Public employee dishonesty bond Police department \$ 450,600 100.000 REQUIRED DISCLOSURES AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S COMMENTS AS OUTLINED IN OREGON ADMINISTRATIVE RULES CHAPTER 162 [SECRETARY OF STATE, AUDITS DIVISION], DIVISION 10 [MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR AUDITS OF OREGON MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS (Continued)

162-010-0280 – PROGRAMS FUNDED FROM OUTSIDE SOURCES

1. General compliance:

The City operates various programs funded wholly or partially by other governmental agencies. Financial transactions of the various programs were audited to the extent deemed appropriate and were in compliance with applicable rules and regulations. In addition to our audit, these programs are subject to further review by federal and state audit agencies.

2. Single Audit Act Compliance:

Our reports on compliance with laws and regulations and on internal controls used in administrating federal awards appear on pages 66 through 73 of this report.

162-010-0300 - INVESTMENTS

Funds of the District were invested in compliance with ORS 294.035.

162-010-0295 - HIGHWAY FUNDS

Revenue from taxes on motor vehicle use and fuel:

The City has complied with the legal requirements contained in Article IX, section 3a of the Oregon Constitution pertaining to the use of revenue from taxes on motor vehicle use and fuel.

162-010-0310 – PUBLIC CONTRACTS AND PURCHASING

1. Awarding of public contracts

The City awarded public contracts in accordance with the requirements of ORS 279, except that the City was not in compliance with ORS 229C.305.

2. Construction of public improvements

The City constructed public improvements in accordance with the requirements of ORS 279.

Boldt, Carlisle & Smith, LLC

Certified Public Accountants Salem, Oregon February 3, 2010

GRANT COMPLIANCE - SINGLE AUDIT

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Council Members CITY OF STAYTON Stayton, Oregon

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of CITY OF STAYTON as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 3, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as described below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

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Honorable Mayor and Council Members CITY OF STAYTON
Stayton, Oregon

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (Continued)

We consider the deficiencies described as items 2009-1 to 2009-5 in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe that none of the significant deficiencies described above is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management, city council, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Boldt, Carlisle & Smith, LLC Salem, Oregon February 3, 2010

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Honorable Mayor and Council Members CITY OF STAYTON Stayton, Oregon

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of CITY OF STAYTON, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, CITY OF STAYTON, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133 (CONTINUED)

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of CITY OF STAYTON is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purposes described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the entity's internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses as defined below. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompany schedule of finding's and questioned costs as item 2009-6 to be a significant deficiency.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, Board of Directors, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Boldt, Carlisle & Smith, LLC Certified Public Accountants Salem, Oregon February 3, 2010

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Unqual	ified					
No						
Yes						
No						
No						
 Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiencies identified that are 						
Yes						
Unqualified						
Yes						
ving Fu	nd					
\$	300,000					
No	No					
	Yes No No Yes Unqual Yes					

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

<u>2009-01</u>

Criteria: It is the responsibility of the City's management to design and follow effective internal controls to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued)

Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

2009-1

Condition: Management has established internal control over financial reporting sufficient for its

governance purposes. However these internal controls have not addressed the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting

principles, including appropriate disclosures.

Effect: The auditor has drafted the financial statements were submitted to management for

review and approval. Management has reviewed the draft financial statements and disclosures and has represented that they have taken responsibility for the financial

statements including disclosures.

2009-2

Criteria: Internal controls over general ledger balances should include procedures that include

the reconciliation of accounts receivable on a regular basis to the underlying

accounting data.

Condition: The City did not regularly reconcile intergovernmental and franchise fees receivable

balances to the underlying accounting data.

Cause: The City did not allocate sufficient resources for the determination of accounts

receivable at year end.

Effect: The City's accounts receivables were not reconciled to ensure balances were

properly clearing and appropriately reflected in the financial records.

Recommendations: The City should improve internal controls to ensure that accounts receivable records

and the general ledger are reconciled on a timely basis

Section II – Financial Statement of findings (continued)

2009-3

Criteria: Accounting controls over cash and investments include reconciling the general ledger cash

balances to the bank reconciliations on a timely basis.

Condition: During the year, the City's cash balances in the general ledger for were not in agreement

with the underlying accounting records.

Cause: The City did not timely reconcile the accounts.

Effect: Cash and deposits of the City were misstated during the year.

Recommendations: The City should reconcile all cash accounts to the general ledger on a timely basis. The City

should establish control procedures whereby someone outside of the accounting function

approves the bank reconciliation.

2009-4

Criteria: Internal control should be in place to ensure that all activities of the City's debt service

expenditures are appropriately reflected in the underlying books and records.

Condition: During the year, lease payments were categorized under materials and services rather than

debt service

Cause: The City did not record the transactions based on underlying accounting principles and local

budget law.

Effect: Debt service expenditures were not correctly reported.

Recommendations: The City should implement procedures to ensure all debt service transactions are correctly

reported.

2009-5

Criteria: Internal controls should include a level of segregation of duties over utility receipting and

bank deposits.

Condition: We noted instances where the same person receipting the utility payments was also making

the bank deposits.

Cause: Due to the City's small size, the utility clerks perform several functions within the

department.

Effect: Lack of segregation of duties could prevent the detection of material misstatements caused

by error or fraud.

Recommendations: The City should establish control procedures so that the same person who has access to

the receipting records does not make the deposits.

Section III-Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

2009-6

Criteria:

Federal guidelines require grant recipients to obtain sufficient assurance that vendors with contracts exceeding \$25,000 are not suspended or debarred from participating in federal

programs.

Condition:

The City did not have a written certification of suspension and debarment for one of its contractors and did not perform any other procedures, such as checking the federal excluded

parties list issued by the US General Services Administration.

Cause:

The City contract with the vendor did not include a suspension and debarment clause.

Effect:

Without adequate controls over suspension and debarment, the City cannot ensure federal funds are paid only to vendors that are eligible to participate in federal programs. Any payments made to an ineligible party are unallowable and could be subject to recovery by the funding agency. However, we were able to verify that the vendor paid by the City was

not suspended or debarred.

Recommendations:

We recommend the City improve internal controls and procedures to ensure compliance

with federal grant requirements.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Title or Cluster	Federal CFDA No.	Federal Expenditures
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		
Office of Rural Development		
Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	10.760	\$ 202,292
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE		
Office of Justice Program/Bureau of Justice Assistance		
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Grant	16.607	2,059
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:		
Oregon Department of Transporation		
Pass through the Oregon Association of Chiefs of Police		
Alcohol Traffic Safety and Drunk Driving Prevention Incentive Grants	20.601	1,800
Occupant Protection	20.602	480
Pass through the Bicycle Transportation Alliance Pedestrian Safety Mini Grant	20.605	3,702
Total Department of Transportation		5,982
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY		
Office of Water		
Pass through the Oregon Economic and Community Development Departmen	nt	
Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds	64.468	1,052,445
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY		
Federal Emergency Management Agency		
Pass through Oregon Emergency Management, Military Department		
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	1,510
		\$ 1,264,288

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ending June 30, 2009

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of City of Stayton Services and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.

2. Loans and Loan Guarantees

Loans outstanding and new loans made during the year ended June 30, 2009 are as follows:

CFDA			outstanding alance as of		w Loans Made g the Year Ended	Tota	l Authorized
Number	ProgramTitle	Ju	ne 30, 2009	•	ine 30, 2009		Loans
64.468	Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds	\$	1,052,445	\$	579,685	\$	5,138,700
10.760	Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities		-		-		5,830,000